

Name of Entity	Auswide Bank Ltd
ABN	40 087 652 060
Year Ended	31 December 2023
Previous Corresponding Reporting Period	6 months to 31 December 2022



APPENDIX 4D INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

PERIOD ENDING 31 DECEMBER 2023

RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE MARKET

INCOME FROM OPERATIONS

↓ **15.88%**

Income from operations down 15.88% to \$43.825m

PROFIT FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

↓ **45.70%**

Profit from ordinary activities after tax attributable to shareholders down 45.70% to \$7.663m

NET PROFIT

↓ **45.70%**

Net profit for the period attributable to shareholders down 45.70% to \$7.663m

Dividends (distributions) – Ordinary shares	Amount per security	Franked amount per security
Final dividend (30 June 2023) - paid 30 September 2023	21.0c	21.0c
Interim dividend (31 December 2023) - to be paid 22 March 2024	11.0c	11.0c
The record date for determining entitlements to the dividends	8 March 2024	

Amount per security	Amount per security	Franked amount per security	Amount per security of foreign source dividend
INTERIM DIVIDEND			
Current year	11.0c	11.0c	Nil
Previous year	22.0c	22.0c	Nil

Interim dividends on all securities	Current period A\$'000	Previous corresponding period A\$'000
Interim dividend payable 22 March 2024 - previous period paid 24 March 2023	5,104	10,005
Total	5,104	10,005

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

The Auswide Bank dividend reinvestment plan is operational for this interim dividend for the half year ended 31 December 2023.

The choices are for Full Participation where the dividend on all fully paid shares or contributing shares held is reinvested in new shares, or Partial Participation where the dividend on a specified number of shares is reinvested in new shares.

To participate in the plan, shareholders must complete the Application Form and lodge the form with the Company's Share Registry. Full terms and conditions of the dividend reinvestment plan and the application form will be forwarded to shareholders by the Company's Share Registry.

Ranking for dividend

Shares issued under the plan will rank equally in every respect with existing fully paid permanent ordinary shares and will participate in all cash dividends declared after the date of issue.

Issue price of the new shares

The shares issued under the Plan in respect of the final dividend for the current year will be issued at a discount of 2.5% on the weighted average sale price of the Company's shares sold through normal trade on the ASX during the five trading days immediately following the Record Date.

The final date for the receipt of the application form for participation in the dividend reinvestment plan is 11 March 2024.

Net Tangible Assets Per Security	Current period	Previous corresponding period
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary share	\$5.19	\$4.73

DETAILS OF ENTITIES OVER WHICH CONTROL HAS BEEN GAINED OR LOST DURING THE PERIOD

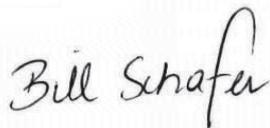
During the financial period the holding company Auswide Bank Limited gained control of the following entity: Nil

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The remainder of the information requiring disclosure to comply with Listing Rule 4.3A is contained in the attached copy of the Financial Statements and comments on performance of the Company included in the Media and ASX release dated 26 February 2024.

Further information regarding Auswide Bank Limited and its business activities can be obtained by visiting the Company's website at www.auswidebank.com.au.

Yours faithfully,



Bill Schafer
 Company Secretary

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This interim financial report does not include all the notes of the type normally included in an annual financial report. Accordingly, this report should be read in conjunction with the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023 and any public announcements made by Auswide Bank Ltd during the interim reporting period in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Directors' statutory report

Auswide Bank's Directors present their report on the consolidated entity of Auswide Bank Ltd and the entities it controlled for the half-year ended 31 December 2023.

The Directors present this report on the company's consolidated accounts for the six-month period ended 31 December 2023, in accordance with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001.

DIRECTORS

The names and credentials of the Directors of the company during or since the end of the period are:

- > **Ms Sandra C Birkenleigh BCom, CA, GAICD, ICCP (Fellow)** Independent non-executive Director since February 2015 / Chair since January 2021
- > **Mr Gregory N Kenny GAICD, GradDipFin** Independent non-executive Director since November 2013 / Interim Managing Director and CEO since December 2023
- > **Mr Grant B Murdoch MCom(Hons) FAICD, FCAANZ** Independent non-executive Director since January 2021
- > **Ms Jacqueline Korhonen BSc, BEng (Hon), GAICD** Independent non-executive Director since April 2021
- > **Mr Cameron Mitchell BBus, MAppFin** Independent non-executive Director since February 2023
- > **Ms Lyn T McGrath BA, MBA, SFFinsia, GAICD** Independent non-executive Director since March 2023
- > **Mr Martin J Barrett BA(ECON), MBA** Managing Director since September 2013 (retired December 2023)

The independent non-executive Directors of Auswide Bank have a broad and diverse set of skills which have been accumulated over a number of years working across a wide range of industries. Auswide Bank's Directors remain well positioned to continue to make an integral contribution to the ongoing development of the company.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

Principal activities

Auswide Bank Ltd is an approved deposit-taking institution and licensed credit and financial services provider. Auswide Bank provides deposit, credit, insurance and banking services to personal and business customers across Australia, principally in Queensland, Sydney and Melbourne. The majority of the company's loan book is

comprised of residential mortgage loans. Auswide Bank also offers personal loans and credit cards although these portfolios are not a material part of the loan book.

There were no significant changes during the period in the nature of the activities of the consolidated entity.

Profitability

Market conditions during the first half of FY24 were challenging with intense competition for home loans and deposits, in addition to the historically high refinancing activity across the banking industry. The bank took a conservative approach to growth across the half-year, resulting in a relatively steady loan book, however the competitive pressures of home loan retention and change in customer deposit behaviour resulted in a contraction in the net interest margin.

The first half decline in the loan book has now been recovered with significant growth expected across Q3.

The bank's statutory Net Profit After Tax (NPAT) for the half-year ending 31 December 2023 of \$7.663m was down 45.70% on the prior corresponding period of \$14.113m. The underlying NPAT of \$6.618m was down 53.11% compared to the prior corresponding period of \$14.113m. The underlying NPAT excludes the gain on sale for the equity accounted investment in FAMG of \$1.108m and \$0.063m of costs for professional fees relating to potential M&A activities.

Net interest revenue for the half-year reduced from \$46.512m in the prior corresponding period to \$37.311m at 31 December 2023, down 19.78%.

Market conditions

The intense competition that was experienced during the 2023 "mortgage wars" resulted in most lenders offering cashbacks or other incentives. Auswide did not offer cashbacks and is now growing the loan book with competitive pricing and quality loan products, resulting in a solid start to the second half of the financial year.

Auswide has continued to focus on home lending retention activity at a time of historically high refinancing across the industry. The high volume of customers graduating from low fixed rate terms has created retention competition as customers and brokers seek out the best available rates in the market.

The pricing competition also extended to the deposit market as banks looked to replace their maturing RBA Term Funding Facility (TFF). Auswide has repaid \$80m of low-cost funding from the TFF in the first half of this financial year. This occurred as customers switched from lower cost transaction and savings accounts to higher cost term deposits. In the environment of rising living costs, deposit customers have chosen to invest in higher yielding products.

Financial position

i) Loan Book

Due to the unprecedented competition at the beginning of the financial year, and Auswide's conservative approach to growth in Q1, the bank's loan book (including Investments in Managed Investment Schemes) declined \$93m or 2.11% from \$4.403 billion at 30 June 2023 to \$4.310 billion at 31 December 2023.

ii) Arrears

The historically low level of arrears evident in the bank's loan book continues although there has been a marginal lift in the loans in arrears. Total arrears past due 30 days have increased from \$4.232m at 30 June 2023 to \$6.168m at 31 December 2023.

Arrears past due 30 days represented 0.14% of total loans and advances at 31 December 2023 compared to 0.10% at 30 June 2023, which is favourable in comparison to the bank's peers.

The status of the hardship assistance offered to customers has remained static with no evidence of borrowers being significantly impacted by rising interest rates and the cost of living.

iii) Funding

Retail deposits continue to be Auswide Bank's largest source of funding, recording growth of \$180m compared to the prior corresponding period, increasing from \$3.248 billion at 31 December 2022 to \$3.428 billion at 31 December 2023.

A large number of customers sought to maximise returns on deposits by switching funds from the lower cost transaction accounts to more expensive term deposits. The term deposit interest rates have been elevated due to competition as banks source funds for repayment of the RBA TFF and loan settlements. In the year to 31 December 2023, Auswide experienced a \$49.722m increase in term deposits, while transactions accounts reduced by \$35.061m.

iv) Net Interest Margin (NIM)

The NIM for the half-year ended 31 December 2023 was 150bps compared to 177bps for the six months to 30 June 2023. The NIM contraction was driven by a highly competitive home loan lending market and unprecedented retention activities as customers fixed term loans matured and borrowers took advantage of the competitive rates to minimise the interest paid on their borrowings.

The increase in the return on the bank's loan book was materially exceeded by the average increase in the cost of funding, particularly the wholesale finding lines. The NIM for FY23 was 188bps compared to 150bps for 1H of FY24.

Capital management

The consolidated capital position of Auswide Bank remains strong at 31 December 2023 with a capital adequacy ratio of 15.34% and a tier 1 capital ratio of 12.82%. The capital ratio was up from 13.70% at 30 June 2023.

A \$400m off-balance sheet securitisation trust settled in December of 2023, resulting in a reduction in credit risk-weighted assets and capital well in excess of the Board target. This capital provides capacity for the bank to grow the loan book across the second half of the financial year and to reassess the investment opportunities for technology, security and productivity.

Outlook and strategy

In 1H of FY24 the loan book has seen a marginal decline as the bank took a more conservative approach to home loan lending. However, the bank signalled new growth aspirations for the second half of the financial year and has effectively recovered the losses in the loan book balance. It is predicted that loan book growth will exceed \$250m with projected growth of 5.80% across the second half.

The bank has also targeted growth in retail deposits, which provide a more cost-effective funding channel than wholesale funding such as securitisation. The repayment of the final \$21m of the RBA TFF will be completed in March of 2024, reducing the pressure to replace this low-cost funding source with the more expensive funding lines.

Cost management remains a firm focus of the Board and management. The program of work is aimed at ensuring capital and operating outlays are based

on essential regulatory compliance, critical roles for productivity, risk, customer experience, and key investment programs. The expenses (excluding expected credit losses) remained static in comparison to the prior corresponding period with a marginal increase of 0.2%.

During the half-year there has been a focus on technology and cybersecurity. The bank is currently assessing the next stage of investment in loan origination and customer engagement. In addition to the commitment to cyber resilience and data protection, Auswide remains committed to continual improvement in the way we engage with our customers, providing an efficient and timely loan origination process.

The Board constantly reviews opportunities to drive scale through acquisition and partnerships. The Board will continue to investigate and pursue opportunities to achieve further growth in the loan book through M&A activities. The strength of the capital base will assist the planned loan book growth and provide opportunity for M&A and partnerships.

Dividend

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2023 of 21.0 cents per ordinary share (fully franked) was paid on 22 September 2023.

On 26 February 2024 the Directors of Auswide Bank Ltd declared an interim dividend of 11.0 cents per share (fully franked) in respect of the December 2023 half-year, payable on 22 March 2024. The interim dividend is down 11.0 cents per share on the prior corresponding period. The amount estimated to be paid in relation to this dividend is \$5.104m. The dividend has declined in line with the net interest revenue and NPAT for the half-year. This follows dividend increases over previous years as the performance strengthened.

The dividend has not been provided for in the 31 December 2023 half-year financial statements.

The Board has resolved to maintain the Dividend Reinvestment Plan for the interim dividend payable on 22 March 2024.

Going concern

The Board of Directors of Auswide Bank have assessed that the going concern basis of accounting remains appropriate.

The financial results across the first half of FY24 reflect challenged operations. The first half statutory NPAT was \$7.663m, down 45.70% on the \$14.113m reported for the first half of FY23.

There are a significant number of indicators to support confidence in operations for the remainder of FY24, including improving home loan growth with a projected increase of 5.80% for the six months to June 2024 with continued low loan arrears.

Liquidity also remains strong, with diverse funding facilities available to the bank and strong support from the customer deposit base.

Despite challenging economic conditions, there are expectations that Auswide Bank's financial results will be supported by a period of growth, cost control and an abatement of rising deposit costs that should lead to a steadily increasing NIM. The Board of Directors assessed that Auswide Bank remains a going concern.

Subsequent events

There has been no other matter since the end of the half-year that will significantly affect the results of the operations in future years or the state of affairs of the company.

The Auditor's Independence Declaration for the half-year ended 31 December 2023 has been received and been included in this financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors made pursuant to s.306(3) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the Directors



Sandra Birkenleigh

Director

Brisbane | 23 February 2024

23 February 2024

The Board of Directors
Auswide Bank Ltd
PO Box 1063
BUNDABERG QLD 4670

Dear Board Members

Auditor's Independence Declaration to Auswide Bank Ltd

In accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of Auswide Bank Ltd.

As lead audit partner for the review of the half-year financial report of Auswide Bank Ltd for the half-year ended 31 December 2023, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- The auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review; and
- Any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

Yours faithfully



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Mark Stretton
Partner
Chartered Accountants

		Consolidated	
		6 months to 31 Dec 2023	6 months to 31 Dec 2022
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Interest revenue	2.1	121,516	82,255
Interest expense	2.1	(84,205)	(35,743)
Net interest revenue		37,311	46,512
Other non-interest income		6,514	5,587
Total operating income		43,825	52,099
Other expenses		(32,767)	(32,708)
Expected credit loss on financial assets at amortised cost	4.2.6	(27)	822
Profit before income tax expense		11,031	20,213
Income tax expense		(3,368)	(6,100)
Profit for the period		7,663	14,113
Profit for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		7,663	14,113
Earnings per share			
Basic (cents per share)		16.61	31.75
Diluted (cents per share)		16.61	31.75

The above condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Consolidated	
	6 months to 31 Dec 2023	6 months to 31 Dec 2022
Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Profit for the period	7,663	14,113
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax		
<i>Items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>		
Cash flow hedges:		
Fair value gain/(loss) arising on hedging instruments during the period	(1,740)	417
Less: cumulative (gain)/loss arising on hedging instruments reclassified to profit or loss	(4,600)	(3,900)
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	1,902	1,045
Total cash flow hedge	(4,438)	(2,438)
Total comprehensive income for the period	3,225	11,675
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	3,225	11,675

The above condensed consolidated statement of other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

		Consolidated	
		as at	as at
		31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023
Notes		\$'000	\$'000
ASSETS			
		211,848	203,247
		16,000	3,000
		401,702	402,432
		1,882	-
		4,286,804	4,377,803
		918	1,488
	3.1	19,833	18,914
		2,760	2,975
		4,931	3,315
		46,363	46,363
		4,993,041	5,059,537
LIABILITIES			
		4,047,555	4,042,906
		20,987	101,013
		46,947	43,283
		541,411	530,755
		-	46
	5.1	329	1,627
		3,986	4,029
		41,860	42,000
		4,703,075	4,765,659
		289,966	293,878
EQUITY			
	3.2	214,612	211,818
		17,542	22,271
		57,812	59,789
		289,966	293,878

The above condensed consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Attributable to owners of Auswide Bank Ltd							Total equity \$'000	
	Share capital ordinary \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Asset revaluation reserve \$'000	General reserve \$'000	Statutory reserve debts \$'000	Doubtful debts reserve \$'000	Cash flow hedging reserve \$'000		Share-based payments \$'000
Consolidated entity									
Balance at 1 July 2023	211,818	59,789	5,944	5,834	2,676	2,388	4,894	535	293,878
Total comprehensive income for the year:									
Profit attributable to owners of parent company	-	7,663	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,663
Share-based payments expensed during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	16
Share-based payments vested during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(307)	(307)
Increase (decrease) due to revaluation of cash flow hedge to fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,340)	-	(6,340)
Deferred tax liability adjustment on revaluation of cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,902	-	1,902
Subtotal	-	7,663	-	-	-	-	(4,438)	(291)	2,934
Issue of share capital for staff share plan	267	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	267
Issue of share capital for dividend reinvestment plan	2,237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,237
Dividends provided for or paid	-	(9,640)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,640)
Share issue costs	(18)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18)
Movement in treasury shares	308	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	308
Subtotal	2,794	(9,640)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,846)
Balance at 31 December 2023	214,612	57,812	5,944	5,834	2,676	2,388	456	244	289,966

The above condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Attributable to owners of Auswide Bank Ltd									
	Share capital ordinary	Retained profits	Asset revaluation	General reserve	Statutory reserve	Doubtful debts reserve	Cash flow hedging reserve	Share-based payments	Total equity
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Consolidated entity									
Balance at 1 July 2022	199,784	53,843	5,944	5,834	2,676	2,388	10,908	685	282,062
Total comprehensive income for the year:									
Profit attributable to owners of parent company	-	14,113	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,113
Share-based payments expensed during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166	166
Share-based payments vested during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(390)	(390)
Increase (decrease) due to revaluation of cash flow hedge to fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,483)	-	(3,483)
Deferred tax liability adjustment on revaluation of cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,045	-	1,045
Subtotal	-	14,113	-	-	-	-	(2,438)	(224)	11,451
Issue of share capital for dividend reinvestment plan	9,157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,157
Dividends provided for or paid	-	(9,159)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,159)
Share issue costs	(193)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(193)
Gain/(loss) in share capital due to employee incentive scheme	(37)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(37)
Movement in treasury shares	426	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	426
Subtotal	9,353	(9,159)	-	-	-	-	-	-	194
Balance at 31 December 2022	209,137	58,797	5,944	5,834	2,676	2,388	8,470	461	293,707

The above condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Consolidated	
	6 months to 31 Dec 2023	6 months to 31 Dec 2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Interest received	119,491	78,608
Dividends received	15	20
Other non-interest income received	7,748	9,155
Interest paid	(79,859)	(27,095)
Net movement in loans and advances	91,224	(245,209)
Net movement in deposits and short term borrowings	(75,376)	225,551
Income tax paid	(4,693)	(5,846)
Cash paid to suppliers and employees (inclusive of goods and services tax)	(32,461)	(56,921)
Net cash used in operating activities	26,089	(21,737)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net movement in investment securities	(5,223)	(21,108)
Net movement in amounts due from other financial institutions	(13,000)	7,273
Net movement in other investments	570	(10)
Payments for purchase of property, equipment and intangible assets	(2,344)	(981)
Net cash used in investing activities	(19,997)	(14,826)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net movement in amounts due to other financial institutions and other liabilities	10,578	124,406
Principal payment of lease liabilities	(931)	(989)
Proceeds from share issue	249	(193)
Dividends paid	(7,403)	(2)
Treasury shares	16	166
Net cash used in financing activities	2,509	123,388
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents	8,601	86,825
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	203,247	178,537
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	211,848	265,362

The above condensed consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1 General information

1.1 Reporting entity

Auswide Bank Ltd (the Company) is a for-profit listed public company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The consolidated financial statements of Auswide Bank Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2023 comprises Auswide Bank Ltd and its subsidiaries (the Group or the Consolidated Entity).

The Company's registered office and principle place of business is Level 3, 16-20 Barolin St, Bundaberg, QLD, 4670.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group) and the nature of the Group's operations are set out in Note 2.5 Business and geographical segment information of the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023.

1.2 Statement of compliance

The half-year financial report for the period ended 31 December 2023 has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Act 2001*. Compliance with AASB 134 ensures compliance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the notes of the type normally included in an annual financial report. Accordingly, this report is to be read in conjunction with the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2023 and any public announcements made by Auswide Bank Ltd during the interim reporting period in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

1.3 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical cost, except for land and buildings, hedging instruments, financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss or other comprehensive income that have been measured at fair value.

Auswide Bank Ltd fulfils the requirements referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, dated 24 March 2016, and in accordance with that Corporations Instrument amounts in the directors' report and the financial statements are rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

These financial statements have been prepared in Australian Dollars (AUD) which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

The accounting policies and methods of computation in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those adopted and disclosed in the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period, unless otherwise stated.

1.4 Application of new and revised Australian Accounting Standards

The Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for an accounting period that begins on or after 1 January 2023.

1 General information (continued)

1.4 Application of new and revised Australian Accounting Standards (continued)

Any significant impact on the accounting policies of the consolidated entity from the adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations are disclosed in the relevant accounting policy. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the consolidated entity.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

1.5 Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.6 Going concern

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The group has net assets of \$289.966m and despite a challenging half, various factors that have been identified that provide confidence in operations leading into the next half of the financial year, with forecasting reflecting this.

Access to liquidity and capital have been considered with no indications of stress existing and facilities being available to provide for contingencies.

While the challenging interest rate environment has impacted the financial sector, and broader economy, the Directors are of the view that the group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current economic climate. Accordingly, the going concern basis is appropriate.

2 Financial performance

2.1 Interest revenue and interest expense

The following tables show the average balance for each of the major categories of interest bearing assets and liabilities, the amount of interest revenue or expense and the average interest rate from continuing operations. Month end averages are used as they are representative of the entity's operations during the period.

Consolidated entity	Average balance \$'000	Interest \$'000	Average interest rate %
Interest revenue December 2023			
Deposits with other financial institutions	222,821	3,838	3.42
Investment securities	356,508	8,721	4.85
Loans and advances	4,338,618	108,082	4.94
Other	32,830	875	5.28
	4,950,777	121,516	4.87
Interest expense December 2023			
Deposits from other financial institutions	521,657	14,612	5.56
Customer deposits	3,408,204	52,349	3.05
Negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs)	373,565	8,757	4.65
Floating rate notes (FRNs)	260,000	6,784	5.18
Subordinated capital notes	41,980	1,579	7.46
RBA term funding facility	66,738	42	0.12
Lease liabilities	3,451	82	4.69
	4,675,595	84,205	3.57
Net interest revenue December 2023		37,311	
Consolidated entity			
Interest revenue December 2022			
Deposits with other financial institutions	158,552	1,741	2.18
Investment securities	328,871	4,554	2.75
Loans and advances	4,032,902	75,016	3.69
Other	50,364	944	3.72
	4,570,689	82,255	3.57
Interest expense December 2022			
Deposits from other financial institutions	442,004	8,183	3.67
Customer deposits	3,088,800	17,914	1.10
Negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs)	381,258	4,954	2.58
Floating rate notes (FRNs)	204,286	3,260	3.17
Subordinated capital notes	42,000	1,172	5.54
RBA term funding facility	150,806	144	0.19
Lease liabilities	4,935	116	4.67
	4,314,089	35,743	1.64
Net interest revenue December 2022		46,512	

2 Financial performance (continued)

2.1 Interest revenue and interest expense (continued)

The following tables show the net interest margin, and are derived by dividing the difference between interest revenue and interest expenditure by the average balance of interest earning assets.

Consolidated entity

Interest margin and interest spread December 2023

Interest revenue	4,950,777	121,516	4.87
Interest expense	4,675,595	84,205	3.57
Net interest spread			<u>1.30</u>
Benefit of net interest-free assets, liabilities and equity			<u>0.20</u>
Net interest margin - on average interest earning assets	4,950,777	37,311	<u>1.50</u>

Consolidated entity

Interest margin and interest spread December 2022

Interest revenue	4,570,689	82,255	3.57
Interest expense	4,314,089	35,743	1.64
Net interest spread			<u>1.93</u>
Benefit of net interest-free assets, liabilities and equity			<u>0.09</u>
Net interest margin - on average interest earning assets	4,570,689	46,512	<u>2.02</u>

2.2 Business and geographical segment information

The Group only has one major business and operating segment being 'Retail Banking'. The principal activities of the Group are confined to the raising of funds and the provision of finance for housing, consumer lending and business banking. For the purpose of performance evaluation, risk management and resource allocation, the decisions are based predominantly on the key performance indicators at the Group level.

The Group operates in one geographical segment which is the Commonwealth of Australia.

3 Investments and financing

3.1 Property and equipment

Consolidated entity	Notes	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023
		\$'000	\$'000
Property and equipment owned		17,276	15,862
Right-of-use assets	3.1.1	2,557	3,052
		19,833	18,914

3.1.1 Right-of-use assets

Consolidated entity	Property \$'000	Vehicles \$'000	Total \$'000
Right-of-use assets at cost			
Balance as at 1 July 2023	2,904	148	3,052
Modification to lease terms	276	48	324
	3,180	196	3,376
Accumulated depreciation			
Depreciation charge for the year	(754)	(65)	(819)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	2,426	131	2,557

Consolidated entity	Property \$'000	Vehicles \$'000	Total \$'000
Right-of-use assets at cost			
Balance as at 1 July 2022	4,404	104	4,508
Additions during the year	-	84	84
Modification to lease terms	59	83	142
Variable lease payment adjustments	(11)	1	(10)
	4,452	272	4,724
Accumulated depreciation			
Depreciation charge for the year	(1,548)	(124)	(1,672)
Right-of-use assets as 30 June 2023	2,904	148	3,052

3 Investments and financing (continued)

3.1 Property and equipment (continued)

3.1.2 Lease liabilities

Details of associated lease liabilities recognised in respect of the right-of-use assets are presented below:

Consolidated entity	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flows		
Less than one year	1,755	1,846
One to five years	1,540	2,172
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	3,295	4,018
Lease liabilities included in statement of financial position		
Current	1,719	1,807
Non-current	1,405	1,975
	3,124	3,782
Amounts recognised in statement of comprehensive income		
Interest on lease liabilities	82	212
	82	212
Amounts recognised in statement of cash flows		
Total cash outflow for leases	1,013	1,991
	1,013	1,991

3 Investments and financing (continued)

3.2 Contributed equity

Consolidated entity	31 Dec 2023 Shares No.	31 Dec 2023 \$'000	30 Jun 2023 Shares No.	30 Jun 2023 \$'000
Fully paid ordinary shares				
Balance at beginning of year	45,853,229	211,818	43,524,064	199,784
Issued during the year				
Staff share plan	56,797	267	94,978	492
Dividend reinvestment plan	438,490	2,237	2,197,994	11,448
Share issue costs	-	(18)	-	(193)
Gain/(loss) in share capital on disposal of treasury shares	-	-	-	21
Treasury shares				
Movement in treasury shares	51,541	308	36,193	266
Balance at end of period	46,400,057	214,612	45,853,229	211,818

As at the reporting date Auswide Performance Rights Pty Ltd holds 1,756 shares, \$9,472 (Jun 23: 53,297 shares, \$316,873) for the purpose of facilitating the Executive LTI scheme.

3.3 Dividends

A final fully franked dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2023 of 21.0 cents per ordinary share (\$9.640m) was paid on 22 September 2023.

The Board declared a fully franked dividend of 11.0 cents per ordinary share \$5.104m, for the six months to 31 December 2023, payable on 22 March 2024. In accordance with Accounting Standards, dividends are only provided for as declared or paid, therefore this dividend has not been provided for in the interim financial statements.

The Board of Directors resolved to maintain the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) for the interim dividend for the 2023/24 financial year.

3 Investments and financing (continued)

3.4 Goodwill

	Consolidated	
	as at 31 Dec 2023	as at 30 Jun 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Goodwill	46,363	46,363
	46,363	46,363
<i>Representing goodwill arising on the acquisition of:</i>		
Queensland Professional Credit Union Ltd (YCU)	4,306	4,306
Mackay Permanent Building Society Ltd (MPBS)	42,057	42,057
	46,363	46,363

Accounting policies

Goodwill

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised at the date of the acquisition.

Goodwill is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.

A cash-generating unit or groups of cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill might be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss on goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Impairment testing for goodwill is performed annually, or earlier if there is an impairment indicator.

Key estimates and judgements

Goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. For the purpose of impairment test, goodwill is allocated to Auswide Bank Ltd parent entity as an independent CGU.

3 Investments and financing (continued)

3.4 Goodwill (continued)

An assessment for impairment indicators, including internal and external factors, has been performed. The Group's market capitalisation being below the net asset position of the Group at the end of the reporting period, together with actual performance result for the 1st half of the year, are identified as indicators of possible impairment.

Given these indicators, an updated value in use model was produced to reflect revised FY24 and FY25 forecasts. The recoverable amount was determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections on financial forecasts covering a five-year period.

In respect of the key assumptions used by management in setting the financial forecasts for the initial five-year period:

- Loan assets and the related net profit growth rates are reduced for FY24 and FY25 from the year-end assumptions, reflecting the half year results and current expected performance, with a return to normal growth rates for the remainder of the forecasted period.
- Cash flow projections beyond the five-year period have been extrapolated using 2.5% (2023: 2.5%), consistent with the FY23 year-end assumptions; and
- A pre-tax discount rate of 11.25% (2023: 11.25%), consistent with the FY23 year-end assumptions.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

The recoverable amount of the Group's CGU is in excess of the carrying amount. Sensitivity analysis on all of the key assumptions employed in the value in use calculation has been performed. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the growth rates within the five-year financial forecast. A sustained reduction could result the carrying value exceeding the recoverable amount. Sensitivity analysis shows a reduction in the net profit growth rate in across the five-year forecasted period by 30% per year without adjusting other key assumptions, could lead to an impairment.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management

4.1 Capital risk management

Consistent with Basel III, the approach to capital assessment provides for a quantitative measure of the capital adequacy and focuses on:

- credit risk arising from on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposures;
- market risk arising from trading activities;
- operational risk associated with banking activities;
- securitisation risks; and
- the amount, form and quality of capital held to act as a buffer against these and other exposures.

Details of the capital adequacy ratio are set out in the following table.

	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023
Consolidated entity	\$'000	\$'000
Total risk weighted assets	1,754,544	1,950,328
Capital base	269,169	267,214
Risk-based capital ratio	15.34%	13.70%

4.2 Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group's main income generating activity is lending to customers and therefore credit risk is a principal risk. Credit risk mainly arises from loans and advances to customers, debt investments, contract assets, loan commitments and financial guarantees. The Group considers all elements of credit risk exposure such as counterparty default risk, geographical risk and sector risk for risk management purposes.

Under the direction of the Board of Directors, management has developed risk management policies and procedures to establish and monitor the credit risk of the Group. The risk management procedures define the credit principles, lending policies and decision making processes which control the credit risk of the Group.

Credit risk exists predominantly on the Group's loan portfolio. Other assets that are subject to credit risk include cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from other institutions, receivables, certificates of deposit, securitisation notes and deposits, loan commitments and bank guarantees.

The loan portfolio consists of mortgage lending, personal lending and commercial lending. Loan commitments and bank guarantees are off-balance sheet exposures of the loan portfolio, which are also subject to credit risk. These groupings, by product type, have been assessed as reflecting similar performance behaviours, based on the Group's analysis of its loan portfolio.

Credit risk on mortgage lending is minimised by the availability and application of insurances including lenders' mortgage insurance, property insurance and mortgage protection insurance. Credit risk in the mortgage loan portfolio is managed by generally protecting loans in excess of 80% LVR with one of the recognised mortgage insurers and securing the loans by first mortgages on residential property.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

The Group has a diversified branch network consisting of 16 branches and agencies across Queensland, and a business centre in Brisbane city. The Group also employs Business Development Managers in Sydney and Melbourne to conduct interstate business. All regional loan staff and panel valuers are locally based ensuring an in-depth knowledge of the local economy and developments in the real estate market.

The past due loans in the portfolio, as well as economic forecasts, and adherence to the credit procedures on a timely and accurate basis is monitored and supervised by management through monthly reports and the Board of Directors through bi-monthly reports.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date in relation to loans and advances are the scheduled balances and for the rest of the financial asset is the carrying amount of those assets as recognised on the balance sheet. In relation to off-balance sheet loan commitments, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the maximum committed amount as per terms of the agreement. The maximum credit risk exposure does not take into account the value of any security held or the value of any mortgage or other insurance to mitigate the risk exposure.

The Group minimises concentrations of credit risk in relation to loans receivable by undertaking transactions with a large number of customers principally within the states of Queensland, New South Wales and Victoria. Diversification of the mortgage portfolio assists in minimising credit risk by reducing security concentrations in particular geographic locations.

Credit risk on personal lending is minimised by the availability of consumer credit insurance, as well as the lending policies and processes in place.

Commercial lending credit risk is minimised by requiring collateral as security, which is mostly residential property, in addition to the use of bank guarantees in some circumstances. The risk management policies and decision making procedures also aid in minimising credit risk on commercial exposures.

Off-balance sheet loan commitments and bank guarantees are also subject to credit risk, which is minimised by following credit guidelines for issuing credit, as well as monitoring and following review processes for exposures in relation to bank guarantees and undrawn credit.

Credit risk on cash, cash equivalents and amounts due from other institutions have been assessed as low risk with a negligible probability of default, due to amounts being invested with investment grade credit institutions with a no loss history.

Credit risk on certificates of deposit is assessed as low and probability of default negligible. Risk is minimised by using clearly defined policies for investment grade rated credit institutions, combined with the current economic outlook and on the basis of no prior losses in the Group's history on these investments.

External securitised notes are subject to low credit risk and negligible probability of default due to securitisation trusts having a structure that utilises an excess income reserve to absorb any losses, reducing the risk of note balances being affected. The securitisation deposits are made with investment grade rated credit institutions.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

4.2.1 Sources of credit risk

Key sources of credit risk for the Group predominantly emanate from its business activities including loans and advances to customers, debt investments, loan commitments, etc. The Group monitors and manages credit risk by class of financial instrument. The table below outlines such classes of financial instruments identified, their relevant financial statement line item, maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date and expected credit loss recognised.

Consolidated entity	Class of financial instrument	Financial statement line	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Expected credit loss	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Expected credit loss
			31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023	30 Jun 2023
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents	211,848	-	203,247	-
	Due from other financial institutions	Due from other financial institutions	16,000	-	3,000	-
	Certificates of deposit	Other financial assets	350,580	-	345,528	-
	Notes – securitisation program and other	Other financial assets	23,469	-	21,819	-
	Interest receivable	Other financial assets	2,440	-	2,010	-
	Loans and advances	Loans and advances	4,342,867	3,980	4,679,436	3,998
	Total		4,947,204	3,980	5,255,040	3,998
Off-balance sheet exposures						
	Loans approved not advanced (LANA)		123,951	57	84,135	32
	Bank guarantees		1,190	-	1,260	-
	Total		125,141	57	85,395	32

4.2.2 Measurement of expected credit loss (ECL)

The key inputs used for measuring ECL are:

- probability of default (PD);
- loss given default (LGD); and
- exposure at default (EAD).

These figures are generally derived from internally developed statistical models and other historical data and they are adjusted to reflect probability-weighted forward-looking information, using methodology and inputs similar to those disclosed in the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2023.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

4.2.3 Sensitivity analysis and forward looking information

The following table shows the reported ECL based on the probability weighting of scenarios, with the sensitivity range reflecting the ECL impacts assuming a 100% weighting is applied to the base case scenario, the downside scenario or the severe downside scenario (with all other assumptions held constant). As at 31 December 2023, the probability weighted ECL is a blended outcome taking into consideration the respective scenarios.

The base case scenario incorporates a reasonable level of portfolio stress driven by forecast macro-economic factors.

Scenario	ECL	Macroeconomic forecast
	Dec 23 \$'000	
Reported ECL	4,037	
100% base case	3,584	Includes a reasonable level of portfolio stress.
100% downside	4,334	Assumes a moderate but reasonable level of portfolio stress.
100% severe downside	5,374	Assumes a more severe level of portfolio stress where unexpected economic factors may adversely impact anticipated recovery.

Assumptions

The judgements and associated assumptions reflect both historical experience and future forecasts as well as other factors that are considered to be relevant, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accordingly, the Group's ECL estimates are inherently uncertain and, as a result, actual results may differ from these estimates.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Group monitors all financial assets that are subject to impairment requirements to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk the Group will measure the expected loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECL.

The Group has used the assumption that 30 days past due represents significant increase in credit risk. The Bank considers 90 days past due as representative of a default having occurred and a loan being credit impaired.

The Group has identified the following three stages in which financial instruments have been classified in regards to credit risk;

- stage 1 - performing exposure on which loss allowance is recognised as 12 month expected credit loss;
- stage 2 - where credit risk has increased significantly and impairment loss is recognised as lifetime expected credit loss; and
- stage 3 - assets are credit impaired and impairment loss is recognised as lifetime expected credit loss. Interest is accrued on a net basis, on the amortised cost of the loans after the ECL is deducted.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

The table below shows an analysis of each class of financial asset subject to impairment requirements by stage at the reporting date.

Consolidated entity Balance at 31 December 2023	Maximum exposure to credit risk				Expected credit loss			Total \$'000
	Stage 1 \$'000	Stage 2 \$'000	Stage 3 \$'000	Total \$'000	Stage 1 \$'000	Stage 2 \$'000	Stage 3 \$'000	
Class of financial instrument								
Cash and cash equivalents	211,848	-	-	211,848	-	-	-	-
Due from other financial institutions	16,000	-	-	16,000	-	-	-	-
Certificate of deposit	350,580	-	-	350,580	-	-	-	-
Notes – securitisation program and other	23,469	-	-	23,469	-	-	-	-
Total	601,897	-	-	601,897	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances*								
- Mortgage lending	4,260,762	8,941	5,699	4,275,402	2,752	452	674	3,878
- Personal lending	33,274	78	1	33,353	48	12	1	61
- Commercial lending	33,809	273	30	34,112	40	1	-	41
Total	4,327,845	9,292	5,730	4,342,867	2,840	465	675	3,980
Off-balance sheet exposures								
Loans approved not advanced (LANA)	123,951	-	-	123,951	57	-	-	57
Bank guarantees	1,190	-	-	1,190	-	-	-	-
Total	125,141	-	-	125,141	57	-	-	57

* Maximum exposure to credit risk includes undrawn credit limits and uses scheduled balances. Carrying amount as at 31 December 2023 is \$4.287b.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

Consolidated entity Balance at 30 June 2023	Maximum exposure to credit risk				Expected credit loss			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Class of financial instrument								
Cash and cash equivalents	203,247	-	-	203,247	-	-	-	-
Due from other financial institutions	3,000	-	-	3,000	-	-	-	-
Certificate of deposit	345,528	-	-	345,528	-	-	-	-
Notes – securitisation program and other	21,819	-	-	21,819	-	-	-	-
Total	573,594	-	-	573,594	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances*								
- Mortgage lending	4,583,706	5,089	4,949	4,593,744	3,110	218	592	3,920
- Personal lending	36,688	-	1	36,689	62	-	1	63
- Commercial lending	48,973	30	-	49,003	14	1	-	15
Total	4,669,367	5,119	4,950	4,679,436	3,186	219	593	3,998
Off-balance sheet exposures								
Loans approved not advanced (LANA)	84,135	-	-	84,135	32	-	-	32
Bank guarantees	1,260	-	-	1,260	-	-	-	-
Total	85,395	-	-	85,395	32	-	-	32

* Maximum exposure to credit risk includes undrawn credit limits and uses scheduled balances. Carrying amount as at 30 June 2023 is \$4.378b.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

4.2.4 Movement in gross carrying amounts

The following tables show movements in gross carrying amounts of financial assets subject to impairment requirements.

Consolidated entity 31 December 2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	12-month			
	ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Loans and advances at amortised cost*				
Gross carrying amount at beginning of year	4,352,454	5,116	4,949	4,362,519
Transfer to stage 1	2,968	(1,831)	(1,137)	-
Transfer to stage 2	(7,325)	8,107	(782)	-
Transfer to stage 3	(1,816)	(1,894)	3,710	-
Financial assets that have been derecognised during the period including write-offs	(317,743)	(200)	(1,106)	(319,049)
New financial assets originated	305,109	-	-	305,109
Adjustments for repayments and interest	(77,562)	(6)	98	(77,470)
Net carrying amount as at 31 December 2023	4,256,085	9,292	5,732	4,271,109

Consolidated entity 30 June 2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	12-month			
	ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Loans and advances at amortised cost*				
Gross carrying amount at beginning of year	3,804,623	8,773	5,928	3,819,324
Transfer to stage 1	6,124	(4,598)	(1,526)	-
Transfer to stage 2	(3,597)	3,812	(215)	-
Transfer to stage 3	(3,221)	(811)	4,032	-
Financial assets that have been derecognised during the period including write-offs	(587,307)	(2,488)	(3,646)	(593,441)
New financial assets originated	1,234,590	877	-	1,235,467
Adjustments for repayments and interest	(98,758)	(449)	376	(98,831)
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2023	4,352,454	5,116	4,949	4,362,519

* Excludes interest receivable and deferred mortgage brokers commissions.

There has been no significant movement in carrying amount of other financial assets or the general business operations of the Group and therefore the movement has not been disclosed.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

4.2.5 Movement in expected credit losses

The following tables show movements in expected credit loss for financial assets subject to impairment requirements.

Consolidated entity 31 December 2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total \$'000
	12-month	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	
	ECL \$'000	ECL \$'000	ECL \$'000	
Loans and advances at amortised cost*				
Loss allowance at beginning of year	3,229	219	582	4,030
Transfer to stage 1	130	(114)	(16)	-
Transfer to stage 2	(4)	94	(90)	-
Transfer to stage 3	(3)	(41)	44	-
Financial assets derecognised during the period including write-offs	(238)	(1)	(53)	(292)
New financial assets originated	136	-	-	136
Changes in model risk assessment	(352)	309	206	163
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2023	2,898	466	673	4,037

Consolidated entity 30 June 2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total \$'000
	12-month	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	
	ECL \$'000	ECL \$'000	ECL \$'000	
Loans and advances at amortised cost*				
Loss allowance at beginning of year	3,536	388	894	4,818
Transfer to stage 1	270	(197)	(73)	-
Transfer to stage 2	(53)	66	(13)	-
Transfer to stage 3	(18)	(77)	95	-
Financial assets derecognised during the period including write-offs	(671)	(81)	(746)	(1,498)
New financial assets originated	664	19	-	683
Changes in model risk assessment	(499)	101	425	27
Loss allowance as at 30 June 2023	3,229	219	582	4,030

* Excludes interest receivable and deferred mortgage brokers commissions.

No ECL is recognised on any other financial asset, as this has been assessed as immaterial in both the current and comparative periods.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

4.2.6 Summary of movements in expected credit loss by financial instrument

The following table summarises the movement in expected credit loss by financial instruments for the reporting period.

Consolidated entity 31 December 2023	Loans and advances \$'000	LANA \$'000	Total \$'000
Expected credit loss			
Loss allowance at beginning of year	3,998	32	4,030
Loss allowance recognised/(reversed) during the year	2	25	27
Bad debts written off	(20)	-	(20)
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2023	3,980	57	4,037

Consolidated entity 30 June 2023	Loans and advances \$'000	LANA \$'000	Total \$'000
Expected credit loss			
Loss allowance at beginning of year	4,705	113	4,818
Loss allowance recognised/(reversed) during the year	(648)	(81)	(729)
Bad debts written off	(59)	-	(59)
Loss allowance as at 30 June 2023	3,998	32	4,030

4.2.7 Credit risk concentrations

An analysis of the Group's credit risk concentrations on loans and advances is provided in the following table. The amounts in the table represent gross carrying amounts, with the exception of loan commitments, which are recorded as the amount committed.

Consolidated entity	31 Dec 2023 \$'000	30 Jun 2023 \$'000
Loans and advances at amortised cost*		
Concentration by sector		
Mortgage lending	4,218,229	4,291,698
Personal lending	28,115	33,829
Commercial lending	24,765	36,992
Total	4,271,109	4,362,519

* Excludes interest receivable and deferred mortgage brokers commissions.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

Consolidated entity	31 Dec 2023 \$'000	30 Jun 2023 \$'000
Loans and advances at amortised cost*		
Concentration by region		
Queensland	2,719,540	2,803,366
New South Wales	631,385	641,593
Australian Capital Territory	79,151	88,371
Victoria	522,781	522,650
South Australia	67,419	67,687
Western Australia	218,179	205,548
Tasmania	14,373	14,599
Northern Territory	18,281	18,705
Total	4,271,109	4,362,519

* Excludes interest receivable and deferred mortgage brokers commissions.

LANA of \$123.951m (Jun 23: \$84.135m) is an additional exposure under AASB 9 not recognised on the balance sheet, but is immaterial to the concentrations in the above table.

4.2.8 Specific provision

The Group has complied with the provisioning requirements under the APRA prudential standard APS220 Credit Quality and includes a specific provision amounting to \$1.416m (Jun 23: \$1.474m) determined in accordance with the aforementioned prudential standard.

4.2.9 Financial instruments classified at FVTPL

The maximum exposure to credit risk of the notes held in MISs designated at FVTPL is their carrying invested amount, which was \$23.249m at 31 December 2023 (Jun 23: \$25.159m). The change in fair value due to credit risk for the MISs designated at FVTPL is a decrease of \$0.126m for the period (Jun 23: \$0.410m). The Group uses the performance of the portfolio to determine the change in fair value attributable to changes in credit risk of its MISs designated at FVTPL.

4.2.10 Analysis of financial instruments by past due status

Under the Group's monitoring procedures a significant increase in credit risk is identified before the exposure has defaulted and at the latest when the exposure becomes 30 days past due. The table below provides an analysis of the gross carrying amount of loans and advances (excluding effects of hardship accounts) by past due status, that are over 30 days past due.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

Consolidated entity	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
30 days and less than 60 days	3,646	2,407
60 days and less than 90 days	412	283
90 days and less than 182 days	874	590
182 days and less than 273 days	253	-
273 days and less than 365 days	629	139
365 days and over	354	813
	6,168	4,232

4.2.11 Collateral held as security and other credit enhancements

Mortgage lending

The Group holds residential properties as collateral for the mortgage loans it grants to its customers. The Group monitors its exposure to retail mortgage lending using the LVR (loan to value ratio), which is calculated as the ratio of the gross amount of the loan to the value of the collateral. The valuation of the collateral excludes any adjustments for obtaining and selling the collateral. The value of the collateral for residential mortgage loans is typically based on the collateral value at origination. For credit-impaired loans the value of collateral is based on the most recent appraisals. Subsequent appraisals are performed on securities held for credit-impaired loans, to more closely monitor the Group's exposure. The Group will take possession of security property in line with its MIP (mortgagee in possession) policy and any loss resulting from subsequent sale will be recorded as an expense, resulting in a reduction in any provision that was held for that exposure. There are also procedures in place for the recovery of bad debts written off; debt recovery processes are performed internally as well as through the use of third parties.

The table below shows the exposures from mortgage loans by ranges of LVR and those generated through the FHLDS (First Home Loan Deposit Scheme). Under the FHLDS, a government guarantee for loan monies above 80% of the value of the property purchased is provided, effectively reducing credit risk exposure.

Consolidated entity	Gross carrying amount		Expected credit loss	
	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Mortgage lending LVR ratio				
Less than 50%	835,604	757,446	492	564
51-70%	1,557,880	1,499,370	1,288	1,229
71-90%	1,144,762	1,286,954	1,266	1,378
91-100%	33,789	49,182	172	8
More than 100%	6,158	8,128	255	321
FHLDS	640,036	690,618	405	420
Total	4,218,229	4,291,698	3,878	3,920

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.2 Credit risk management (continued)

Personal lending

The Group's personal lending portfolio consists of secured and unsecured term loans and unsecured credit cards. For loans with the purpose of purchasing vehicles and the like, the vehicle can be used as security for a secured personal loan, if acceptable under the applicable lending policy. The personal lending portfolio exhibits similar traits and behaviours regardless of whether the loan is secured or unsecured.

Commercial lending

The Group requests collateral, which is usually in the form of residential property, as security for corporate lending. Bank guarantees are also used at times, which utilise cash, residential or commercial mortgages as security. The table below shows the exposures from commercial loans by ranges of LVR.

	Gross carrying amount		Expected credit loss	
	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2023
Consolidated entity	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Commercial lending LVR ratio				
Less than 50%	12,810	21,203	18	9
51-70%	9,692	11,958	14	4
71-90%	2,263	3,831	9	2
Total	24,765	36,992	41	15

Other financial assets

The Group holds other financial assets at amortised cost with a carrying amount of \$604.337m (Jun 23: \$575.032m) and at FVTOCI with a carrying amount of \$0.918m (Jun 23: \$0.918m). These are high quality investments and as per policy the Group only invests in certain types of financial assets which are investment grade and of lower credit risk.

4.3 Fair value measurements

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

4.3.1 Financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped by fair value hierarchy level.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.3 Fair value measurements (continued)

Consolidated entity	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31 December 2023	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL</i>				
Investments in managed investment schemes	-	-	23,249	23,249
Derivative assets	-	1,963	-	1,963
<i>Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI</i>				
Unlisted shares	-	-	918	918
Total assets	-	1,963	24,167	26,130
<i>Financial liabilities mandatorily measured at FVTPL</i>				
Derivative liabilities	-	1,311	-	1,311
Total liabilities	-	1,311	-	1,311
Consolidated entity	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
30 June 2023	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL</i>				
Investments in managed investment schemes	-	-	25,159	25,159
Derivative assets	-	7,916	-	7,916
<i>Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI</i>				
Unlisted shares	-	-	918	918
Total assets	-	7,916	26,077	33,993
<i>Financial liabilities mandatorily measured at FVTPL</i>				
Derivative liabilities	-	925	-	925
Total liabilities	-	925	-	925

There have been no transfers between the level 1 and level 2 categories of financial instruments.

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.3 Fair value measurements (continued)

4.3.2 Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities

Consolidated entity	FVTOCI		FVTPL	
	Unlisted shares		Managed investment schemes	
	30 Dec 23 \$'000	30 Jun 23 \$'000	31 Dec 23 \$'000	30 Jun 23 \$'000
Balance at beginning of year	918	918	25,159	26,857
Total gains or losses:				
- in profit or loss	-	-	624	1,295
- in other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Purchases	-	-	-	7,000
Disposals	-	-	(2,534)	(9,993)
Balance at end of period	918	918	23,249	25,159

4.3.3 Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table provides an analysis of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value.

Consolidated entity	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair value	Total carrying amount
31 December 2023	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	211,848	-	-	211,848	211,848
Due from other financial institutions	16,000	-	-	16,000	16,000
Other financial assets	380,801	-	-	380,801	376,489
Loans and advances	-	-	4,285,035	4,285,035	4,286,804
Total financial assets	608,649	-	4,285,035	4,893,684	4,891,141
Financial liabilities					
Deposits and short term borrowings	-	4,037,702	-	4,037,702	4,047,555
Other borrowings	-	20,908	-	20,908	20,987
Payables and other liabilities	-	-	45,636	45,636	45,636
Loans under management	-	543,170	-	543,170	541,411
Subordinated capital notes	-	41,860	-	41,860	41,860
Total financial liabilities	-	4,643,640	45,636	4,689,276	4,697,449

4 Financial assets, liabilities and related financial risk management (continued)

4.3 Fair value measurements (continued)

Consolidated entity 30 June 2023	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total fair value \$'000	Total carrying amount \$'000
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	203,247	-	-	203,247	203,247
Due from other financial institutions	3,000	-	-	3,000	3,000
Other financial assets	363,235	-	-	363,235	369,357
Loans and advances	-	-	4,385,384	4,385,384	4,377,803
Total financial assets	569,482	-	4,385,384	4,954,866	4,953,407
Financial liabilities					
Deposits and short term borrowings	-	4,032,917	-	4,032,917	4,042,906
Other borrowings	-	99,119	-	99,119	101,013
Payables and other liabilities	-	-	42,296	42,296	42,358
Loans under management	-	533,527	-	533,527	530,755
Subordinated capital notes	-	42,000	-	42,000	42,000
Total financial liabilities	-	4,707,563	42,296	4,749,859	4,759,032

5 Other financial information

5.1 Deferred tax assets and liabilities

	Consolidated	
	as at 31 Dec 2023	as at 30 Jun 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Deferred tax assets		
Employee leave provisions	1,177	1,136
Expected credit losses	1,219	1,221
Capital losses available	276	754
Premium on loans purchased	91	95
Subordinated capital notes prepaid expenses	49	48
Lease liabilities net of right of use assets	170	219
Project acquisition costs	50	-
Performance Rights cash contributions in excess of accounting expense	24	-
Other items	90	311
	3,146	3,784
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property and equipment	732	737
Asset revaluation reserve	2,547	2,547
Cash flow hedging reserve	196	2,098
Performance Rights cash contributions in excess of accounting expense	-	29
	3,475	5,411
Deferred tax assets	3,146	3,784
Deferred tax liabilities	(3,475)	(5,411)
Net deferred tax assets / (deferred tax liabilities)	(329)	(1,627)

5.2 Details of material associates

In December 2023, the Group disposed of its interest in FAMG in full to a third party. The consideration is payable in two tranches: \$1.81m received by the Group in December 2023 and the remaining \$0.45m is expected to be received in December 2024 subject to the fulfilment of the conditions of the sales agreement. As the result of the disposal a post-tax gain of \$1.10m (net of transaction cost) was recognised during the first half year ended 31 December 2023.

5.3 Contingent liabilities

There has been no change in contingent liabilities since the last annual reporting date.

5.4 Events subsequent to balance date

There have been no other events subsequent to balance date of a nature which require reporting.

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Auswide Bank Ltd, we declare that:
In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the interim financial statements comprising of the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed consolidated statement of financial position, condensed consolidated statement of cash flows, condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and accompanying notes are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and:
 - (i) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and of the performance for the half-year on that date; and
 - (ii) comply with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australia Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*;
- (b) the financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as disclosed in Section 1; and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that Auswide Bank Ltd will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors made pursuant to s.303(5) of the *Corporations Act 2001*, and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:



Sandra Birkenleigh
Director

Brisbane
23 February 2024

Independent Auditor's Review Report to the members of Auswide Bank Ltd

Report on the Half-Year Financial Report

Conclusion

We have reviewed the half-year financial report of Auswide Bank Ltd (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprises the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows and the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the half-year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration as set out on pages 5 to 7.

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the accompanying half-year financial report of the Group does not comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2023 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- (b) Complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our review in accordance with ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*. Our responsibilities are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Review of the Half-year Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the annual financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's review report.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Half-year Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Review of the Half-year Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the half-year financial report based on our review. ASRE 2410 requires us to conclude whether we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2023 and its performance for the half-year ended on that date, and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Mark Stretton
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Melbourne, 23 February 2024



AUSWIDE BANK LTD | ABN 40 087 652 060
